

THE BURGLARS.

Bound Over—Our Enterprising Contemporaries.

Early yesterday morning the police officers made another examination of the old salt house, and discovered the pipes and other articles that had been stolen from Ed. Harris on Sunday night. They were wrapped up in an undershirt, the counterpart of the one mentioned yesterday as being found, and which answer the description of the goods stolen from Ogden. The discovery of these articles proves the correctness of the belief of the officers that these are the fellows that went through Mr. Harris' place.

Yesterday morning the birds were brought from the cage and taken before Judge Pyper. They claimed that the pistols were their own property, but denied knowing anything whatever about the pipes. Judge Pyper, however, was of the opinion that they did, and therefore bound them over in the sum of \$1,000 each for robbing Carter's store, and in \$500 each for breaking into Harris' place, the bonds amounting to \$1,500 each, which were not furnished. The Ogden parties whose places were burglarized some time ago, were yesterday notified of the discovery of some of their goods, and they will come down and identify them; it is therefore probable that these knights of the jimmy will be bound over on still another charge.

Yesterday morning's *Trib*, came out in a long screed about the Harris' robbery, and wound up by giving the police a cabalistic thrashing because the guilty parties had not been discovered. The article was scolding, low and unfair, and not a word was said about the capture of the thieves—for the very good reason that the Sherman youth knew nothing about it. While he was writing up his article, abusing the police force, the parties were being arrested, and the *HERALD* commissioner was making himself acquainted with the facts so as to inform the readers in the morning. The youth need not cry out that the police hid it from him and gave it to us, as the scribe of this journal knew about the whole affair before the arrests had been made, and not a solitary word was dropped to him by one of the police force. We have here another of these startling and frequent exhibitions of enterprise on the part of this "great and mighty" journal that pretends to be a newspaper. The probabilities are that they will whine this morning, as usual in such cases, about the transaction being kept from them; but it is rather watery—we might say this when it was known on the streets by 10 o'clock on Monday night.

THE FATAL AVALANCHE.

Particulars of the Snowslide in Logan Canyon.

At 2 o'clock Friday, 27th inst., there occurred in Logan Cañon, one of the largest and most fatal snowslides ever known here. Three teams with twelve men were trying to come down the cañon from the Temple Mill—some workmen at the mill, some loggers and three teamsters. About four miles below the mill near the mouth of Maughan's Fork—a branch of the main cañon—they were detained by deep snow, through which they had to dig a road. They were just ready to start, when a loud cracking sound from the south side attracted their attention, when one of the men looked up saw the snow rolling in large masses, and shouted: "For God's sake boys, climb." Some ran up the road, others climbed the opposite hill, and all were bent on getting away as far as possible. The slide came with great fury, burying the three teams and five men deeply, six of the men slightly, only one escaping. Those who were able soon crawled out and began a search for their missing companions. One of the buried men was able to make a little opening and shout, and he was soon dug out. When they got down to his knee, the man thought he could easily get out, but it was necessary to dig right down to his feet. When liberated this man remembered where he had last seen another, named Oscar. The latter jumped the ditch, and upon alighting had been caught by the snow and covered about five feet. Fortunately, he was not carried away from where last seen, and was easily found and liberated. There were still three missing, and it was thought best to get more assistance. The two liberated men were sent down the cañon, to a number of men who were trying to open a road to get to the mill. They were afraid of more slides, so climbed the hills, and before getting out of sight looked back and saw another of the buried ones liberated. After reaching the main cañon they were obliged to go three miles in the river, the snow being too deep to get through. As soon as they reached the party of men, a team and driver were sent down to the wood camp to have the men cared for, and the rest of the workmen—about ten—with C. O. Card, superintendent of the temple works, started up to the scene of the disaster.

After reaching the camp a man was dispatched to Logan for more aid. Thirty-five men went up the cañon at once, reached the camp at half an hour after midnight, and started for the slide at daybreak. These, with the number already there, worked unsuccessfully until noon,

CHIPS.

And now it rains. Next.

Another storm is threatened.

The trial of Morris, the child-beater, is set for to-day.

The Central Pacific pay car was expected in Ogden yesterday.

The value of the bullion shipments yesterday aggregated \$7,109.86.

The Utah Southern passenger train was over an hour late last night.

Many Salt Lakers propose going to the Sandy masquerade on the 24th inst.

The box office will be open this morning for the sale of Wilhelmj concert reserved seats.

The Utah Southern freight train came in on time last evening—the first time for about a month.

Junction—It is said that the erection of the new coop. building will tend to take business north of Fourth street.

The Pacific Express Company yesterday received four bars of bullion from the Ontario mill, worth \$3,054.86.

The case of Kimball against McIntyre, for possession of, or ejection from the Crismon mine, was continued before Judge Emerson.

The fellow, Robert Bruce, who insulted a little girl on Commercial street, last Saturday night, was tried yesterday, found guilty and fined \$90.

McCornick & Co. yesterday received one car load of bullion from the Chicago smelter, and two cars of Germania refined lead, valued at \$4,050.

Mr. Dwyer has the *Bazar* for the 13th; No. 110 of the Franklin Square Library, containing "Tom Singleton," a novel; and No. 703 of the Seaside Library, with Florence Maryat's story, "The Root of All Evil."

Mr. W. B. Hibbard, superintendent of the western division of the Western Union Telegraph Office, is soon to remove his headquarters from Ogden to Omaha. So says another paper.

An entertainment for the benefit of the temperance association will be given in Jennings' Hall on Saturday evening. It will consist of two parts, the first being a concert and dramatic entertainment; the second part will be a dance. Captain Witherell, Frank Hale and Charles Whittemore have the matter in charge.

The butterfly, the butterfly.

How doth the butterfly? and why?

Because the hired girl doth make

The round, flat, toothsome buckwheat

cake;

Aye, this is why doth butterfly.

AN AC

Amending the Charter of the City.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Utah: That section act entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the City of Salt Lake City," passed on the 20th, 1860, are hereby amended so that the City Council may for the purpose of raising money wherewith to carry out and other works, by borrowing money to supply the inhabitants with water, borrow an amount not to exceed \$250,000, either by the sale of bonds or other negotiable securities, said council shall determine the interest to be paid on such bonds, though the interest on such bonds, together with the aggregate of all the sums so borrowed, shall not exceed one-fourth of the amount arising from taxes assessed on such city and outstated during the preceding date of such loan or the issuing of such other securities. Provisions for indebtedness, bonded or otherwise, shall not be incurred until after a special election called for the purpose of such resolution of the City Council, the purpose of which such indebtedness shall be determined by the registered voters of said city, as registered in the said special election, by a two-thirds majority vote of the registered voters of said city, shall determine the amount of such indebtedness, and the City Council shall provide by ordinance for the manner in which the same shall be repaid, and the return of votes thereof made public.

Sec. 2.—The City of Salt Lake shall set apart out of the revenue of said city, not less than one-fifth of the revenue thereof, as determined by the preceding six months, as a fund for the payment of interest and principal on such indebtedness hereinbefore authorized, and the same shall become a lien on the property of said city, and the City Council may provide for the same.

Sec. 3.—That section of the Charter of Salt Lake City, amended by adding thereto: "The taxes thus levied and assessed from the day of the passage of this act, shall be used for the purpose of paying the interest and principal on such indebtedness, and the City Council shall provide for the same."